Climate Action in Aotearoa

26 February 2021

What our advice could mean for New Zealanders



Our advice

Our advice provides Aotearoa with a comprehensive strategy for tackling climate change.

FOUR AREAS:

- Level of the first three emissions budgets from 2022-2035
- Direction of policy for the Government's Emission Reduction Plan
- Consistency of New Zealand's first NDC with staying below 1.5 degrees of warming
- Eventual reductions in biogenic methane which might be required.

• We can reach net zero of long-lived gases and reduce methane significantly by 2050.

• We will not reach our targets under current policy settings.

• Work to reduce emissions must be accelerated.

Where to find out more

In previous webinars, we have covered:

- How our models work
- Our path to 2035
- Getting to 1.5 degrees and the NDC
- The impacts of climate action: mitigation and adaptation
- Agriculture and forestry in the transition to low emissions
- The role of the ETS

https://www.climatecommission.govt.nz/get-involved/events/

What does this mean for New Zealanders?

- Our analysis shows that we can reduce emissions while improving overall living standards
- There are many significant and immediate co-benefits, such as improved health outcomes
- The impacts will not be evenly distributed so targeted assistance is needed

- Our analysis found that our proposed emissions budgets would not increase bills for most households
- Households on gas for heating and cooking would face higher costs
- Not all households would benefit equally targeted assistance is needed to ensure that low income households are able to access technologies

- Petrol and diesel cars will be more expensive Low carbon options:
- Public transport
- Walking and cycling (e-bikes)
- Car/ride sharing options
- Electric vehicles cheaper to run and maintain

What does this mean for businesses?

- How each business responds will vary
- The transition to a low emissions society will bring a mix of opportunities, benefits, challenges and costs
- Risks to competitiveness and emissions leakage can be managed
- Businesses need stable and predictable policy to make investment decisions

→ A well-signalled transition will allow businesses time to plan, adapt and innovate

- Broader health co-benefits: better air quality, less noise and more active travel
- Need to ensure that policies consider the impact on rural communities, low income groups, the disability community, iwi/ Māori, other ethnicities
- Importance of education and training for setting up the skills needed in the future
- Transition planning will need to be tailored for the community by the community

HOW TO SUBMIT!

OUR CONSULTATION RUNS FROM FEB 1 – MARCH 28

HEAD TO OUR WEBSITE TO READ OUR DRAFT ADVICE AND SUBMIT YOUR FEEDBACK.

YOU CAN STAY IN THE LOOP ON OUR CONSULTATION VIA OUR TWITTER @CLIMATECOMMNZ AND LINKEDIN.

Thanks

Want to get in touch? hello@climatecommission.govt.nz



